

The Athenian Legal System and Its Public Aspects

I. The Culture of Public Display

II. Perpetration of Misdeeds

Open violence:

- Alcibiades drags his wife by her hair across the Agora (Ps.-And. 4.14; Plu. *Alc.* 8.4; indirectly Lys. 14.42; Antiphon fr. 67 [Thalheim – Blass]).
- Alcibiades punches Taureas in the face (Ps.-And. 4.20-21; D. 21.147; Plu. *Alc.* 16.5-8; cf. Th. 6.15-16 [indirectly]).
- Meidias punches Demosthenes in the face (D. 21, mainly 21.74).
- Conon and his sons attack Ariston in the Agora and perform a rooster-dance (D. 54.9).
- Euphiletos kills Eratosthenes in the presence of friends (Lysias 1).
- Thrasyboulos of Kalydon and Apollodoros of Megara kill Phrynicos in the Agora (Th. 8.90-92; Lys. 13.70-76 [unspecific as to time]; Lycurg. 1.112-115. Cf. Lys. 7.4; 20.11-12; 25.9; Plu. *Alc.* 25; HGIÜ I 140). According to Lycurgos, the assassination happened at night, near the well close to the willows. This completely different setting decisively alters the meaning of this coup.).

Hidden violence:

- Teisis has Archippos whipped in his house (Lys. fr. CXXIX 279 [numbered according to Carey 2007]).
- Nicostratos tries to push Apollodoros into a quarry at night (Ps.-D. 53.17-18).
- Antiphon 1: Stepmother kills her husband with “love” potion.
- Antiphon 2.1: A (fictional) murder is committed at night.

III. “Definition” of Violent Acts as (Il)legitimate; “Definition” of Hubris

Demosthenes, *Against Meidias* 72:

οὐ γὰρ ἡ πληγὴ παρέστησε τὴν ὄργήν, ἀλλ’ ἡ ἀτιμία· οὐδὲ τὸ τύπτεσθαι τοῖς ἐλευθέροις ἔστι δεινόν, καίπερ ὃν δεινόν, ἀλλὰ τὸ ἐφ’ ὑβρει. πολλὰ γὰρ ἀν ποιήσειν ὁ τύπτων, ὁ ἄνδρες Ἀθηναῖοι, ὃν ὁ παθῶν ἔνι’ οὐδ’ ἀν ἀπαγγεῖλαι δύναιθ’ ἑτέρω, τῷ σχῆματι, τῷ βλέμματι, τῇ φωνῇ, ὅταν ὡς ὑβρίζων, ὅταν ὡς ἔχθρὸς ὑπάρχων, ὅταν κονδύλοις, ὅταν ἐπὶ κόρρης. ταῦτα κινεῖ, ταῦτ’ ἐξίστησιν ἀνθρώπους αὐτῶν, ἀγθεις ὄντας τοῦ προπηλακίζεσθαι. οὐδεὶς ἀν, ὁ ἄνδρες Ἀθηναῖοι, ταῦτ’ ἀπαγγέλλων δύναιτο τὸ δεινὸν παραστῆσαι τοῖς ἀκούονσιν οὕτως, ὡς ἐπὶ τῆς ἀληθείας καὶ τοῦ πράγματος τῷ πάσχοντι καὶ τοῖς ὄρωσιν ἐναργῆς ἡ ὑβρις φαίνεται (emphasis added).

It was not the blow that aroused his anger, but the humiliation. Being beaten is not what is terrible for free men (although it is terrible), but being beaten with the intent to insult. A man who strikes may do many things, men of Athens, but the victim may not be able to describe to someone else even one of these things: the way he stands, the way he looks, his tone of voice, when he strikes to insult, when he acts like an enemy, when he punches, when he strikes him in the face. When men are not used to being insulted, this is what stirs them up, this is what drives them to distraction. No one, men of Athens, could by reporting these actions convey to his audience the terrible effect of outrage in the exact way that it really and truly appears to the victim and those who witness it. (transl. by E. Harris (ed.), *Demosthenes Speeches 20-22*. Austin, TX 2008).

Demosthenes, *Against Meidias* 195:

σὺ μόνος τῶν ὄντων ἀνθρώπων ἐπὶ μὲν τοῦ βίου τοσαύτης ὑπερηφανίας πλήρης ὥν [πάντων ἀνθρώπων] ἔσει φανερώτατος, ὥστε καὶ πρὸς οὓς μηδέν ἔστι σοι πρᾶγμα, λυπεῖσθαι τὴν σὴν θρασύτητα καὶ φωνὴν καὶ [τὸ] σχῆμα καὶ τὸν σὸν ἀκολούθους καὶ πλούτον καὶ ὑβριν θεωροῦντας, ἐν δὲ τῷ κρίνεσθαι παραχρῆμ’ ἐλεηθήσει; (emphasis added).

Will you be the only person in the world who has the greatest reputation for being stuffed with so much arrogance toward everyone that even those who have nothing to do with you get irritated when they see your pushiness, your shouting, the way you strut around with your entourage, your wealth, and your abuse—and then find yourself pitied the minute that you are on trial? (transl. by E. Harris (ed.), *Demosthenes Speeches 20-22*. Austin, TX 2008).

IV. Negotiation and Judgment of Misdeeds in Court

Most courts located in the Agora

Drakon’s and Solon’s *axones* and *kurbeis* on the Acropolis and in the Agora
Recodification of laws (end of 5th century): inscribed on walls of Royal Stoa
Oratory

Public selection process of jurors (*klērōtērion*)

Choice of procedure made in public (transmission of symbolic messages possible)

Demosthenes, *Against Conon* 1:

ὑβρισθείς, ὃ ἄνδρες δικασταί, καὶ παθὼν ὑπὸ Κόνωνος τουτού τοιαῦτα, ὥστε πολὺν χρόνον πάνυ μήτε τοὺς οἰκείους μήτε τῶν ἱατρῶν μηδένα προσδοκᾶν περιφεύξεσθαι με, ὑγιάνας καὶ σωθεὶς ἀπροσδοκήτως ἔλαχον αὐτῷ τὴν δίκην τῆς αἰκείας ταυτηνί. πάντων δὲ τῶν φίλων καὶ τῶν οἰκείων, οἵσις συνεβουλευόμην, ἔνοχον μὲν φασκόντων αὐτὸν ἐκ τῶν πεπραγμένων εἶναι καὶ τῇ τῶν λωποδυτῶν ἀπαγωγῇ καὶ ταῖς τῆς ὑβρεως γραφαῖς, συμβουλευόντων δέ μοι καὶ παραιωύντων μὴ μεῖζω πράγματ' ἢ δυνήσομαι φέρειν ἐπάγεσθαι, μηδ' ὑπὲρ τὴν ἡλικίαν περὶ ὧν ἐπεπόνθειν ἐγκαλοῦντα φαίνεσθαι, οὕτως ἐποίησα καὶ δὶ’ ἐκείνους ἴδιαν ἔλαχον δίκην, ἥδιστ’ ἀν, ὃ ἄνδρες Ἀθηναῖοι, θανάτου κρίνας τουτονί.

I was assaulted, gentlemen of the jury, and at the hands of Conon, the man here, I suffered injuries so severe that for a very long time neither my family nor any of the doctors expected I would survive. But when I unexpectedly recovered and was out of danger, I initiated this private case for battery (*dikē aikeias*) against him. All the friends and relatives whom I asked for advice were saying that for his deeds Conon was liable to summary arrest (*apagôgê*) as a cloak stealer, and to public suits for *hybris* (*graphai hubreôs*). But they advised me and urged me not to involve myself in greater troubles than I could handle; and also, not to be seen to complain more than a young man should about what was done to me. I have acted accordingly and, because of those advisers, have instituted a private case, but I would, with the greatest pleasure, men of Athens, have put him on trial on a capital charge. (transl. by V. Bers (ed.), *Demosthenes Speeches* 50-59. Austin, TX 2003).

Demosthenes, *Against Androton* 22.26–27:

ἔρρωσαι καὶ σαυτῷ πιστεύεις: ἄπαγε: ἐν χιλίαις δ' ὁ κίνδυνος. ἀσθενέστερος εὖ: τοῖς ἄρχοντισιν ἔφηγοῦ: τοῦτο ποιήσουσιν ἔκεῖνοι. φοβεῖ καὶ τοῦτο: γράφου. καταμέμφει σεαυτὸν καὶ πένης ὡν οὐκ ἀν ἔχοις χιλίαις ἐκτεῖσαι: δικάζου κλοπῆς πρὸς διαιτητὴν καὶ οὐ κινδυνεύσεις. Cf. also Isoc. 20.2.

You are strong and confident in your own ability: arrest him and risk a fine of 1,000 drachmas. You are weaker: lead the magistrates to him, and they will do it. You are also afraid of this: bring a public charge. You do not feel confident, and since you are poor, you would not be able to pay the fine of 1,000 drachmas; bring a private action before the arbitrator, and you will run no risk. (transl. by E. Harris (ed.), *Demosthenes Speeches* 20-22. Austin, TX 2008).

- Killing of Nicodemos of Aphidna: two procedures chosen
(D. 21.104-122 and scholia 21.102; 104; 116; 205 and Aeschin. 1.171-172; 2.148; 166 with scholia; Din. 1.30-31; 47; Rhet. Gr. [Walz] VIII 48 [Sopath. Rh.]; Idomeneus *FGrHist* 338 F 12; Arist. *Rhet.* 2.23 [1397 b 7-8]).
- Meidias launches *ephēgēsis* against Aristarchos, the suspected killer; family files *dikē phonou* afterwards

V. Execution of Penalties

- Names of state debtors inscribed in stone
- Popular justice: public shaming measures (*Schandstrafen*)
- Gathering evidence: public torture of slaves (*basanos*)
- Public punishments: stoning, throwing from a cliff (*barathron*), bloodless crucifixion (*apotumpanismos*)

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